

Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Welcome the participants and introduce yourself along with any other copresenters that may be assisting you in the delivery of the training. Share logistical information with the participants, such as the location of restrooms, breaks, lunch, etc. Say "It is in the LEA's discretion to determine the timeline of these trainings based on their needs."

Processing Activity:

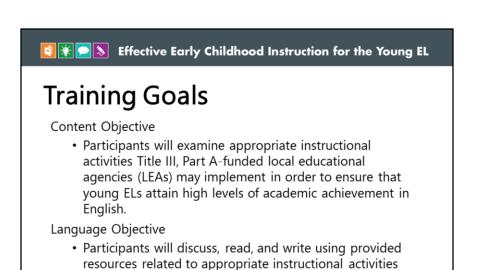
None

Materials needed:

Classroom Readiness Evaluation Self-Reflection (handout)
Classroom Ecological Design Tool (handout)
Stages of Second Language Acquisition Checklist (handout)
Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL (companion tool)
Sentence stem written on chart paper or the board: My intention for today is

Appropriate early childhood read aloud or big book for shared reading

Chart paper, several sheets Markers Sticky notes Writing utensils Internet access (optional)



and considerations in order to ensure that young ELs attain high levels of academic achievement in English.

Slide 2

Time: 2 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Let's begin by taking a look at our objectives for this TOT. We will examine appropriate instructional activities and considerations Title III, Part A-funded local educational agencies (LEAs) may implement in order to ensure that young ELs attain high levels of academic achievement in English. We will read, discuss, and write using some resources that will be provided today."

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:



Purpose

The purpose of the Title III Early Childhood Education for English Learners session and Texas Gateway online course is to provide educators support for young students whose primary language is not English. Early childhood education for young ELs is critical for language and literacy development. Thus, preschool programs must purposefully design instruction and include home-school connections specifically for young ELs. This session will provide teachers and administrators a better understanding of how to design early childhood instruction to meet the needs of young ELs' language development and examine the critical areas of academic success.



Slide 3

Time: 3 minutes

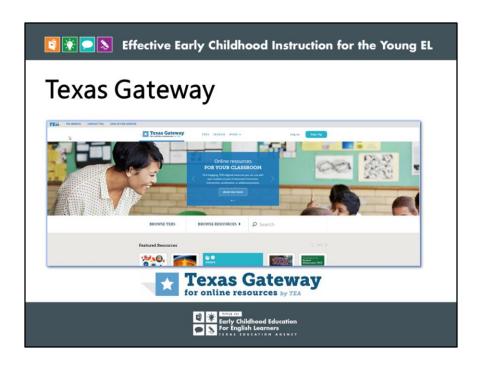
Note to trainer:

Read the slide aloud.

Processing Activity:

None

Materials needed:



Time: 5 minutes (or 15 minutes depending on internet access and the participants' needs)

Note to trainer:

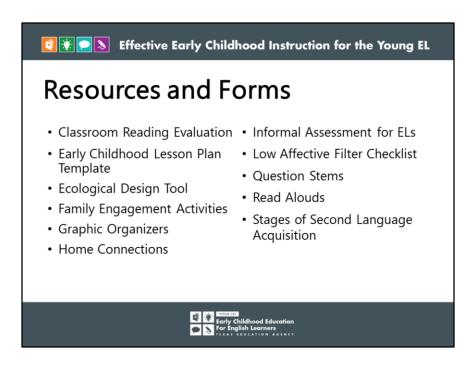
Say, "The *Title III Early Childhood Education for English Learners* online course will be available in the Texas Gateway by September 30, 2017 (or say, "is available in the Texas Gateway," if after September 30, 2017). The Texas Gateway can be found at www.texasgateway.org/courses. Once an account is created, participants may log in and search for the course. Under the search area type in the title of the course. At top of the webpage, click on the Course tab to start. At the completion of the course there will be a quiz to provide participants credit for the course. Course certificates can be found under the Progress tab." Show the participants where they can find the online course and the corresponding handouts and companion by taking them through the steps to access the Texas Gateway.

Processing Activity:

If time permits and there is internet access, take the participants to the live Texas Gateway site to ensure they have an account and know how to access the course.

Materials needed:

Internet access www.texasgateway.org/courses



Time: 2 minutes

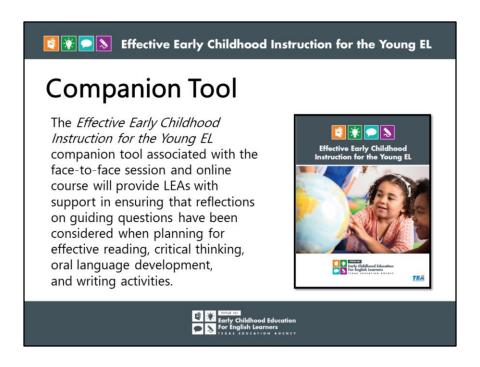
Note to trainer:

Tell the participants the course handouts and the associated product, *Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL*, will provide LEAs with support in ensuring that English learners, including immigrant children and youth, attain English proficiency and develop high levels of academic achievement in English. Explain that the full course in the Texas Gateway has several handouts that will not be explored in the face-to-face session today. Let the participants know they will go through what is covered today, have access to additional resources, and have an opportunity to cover the material at their own pace.

Processing Activity:

None

Materials needed:



Time: 3 minutes

Note to trainer:

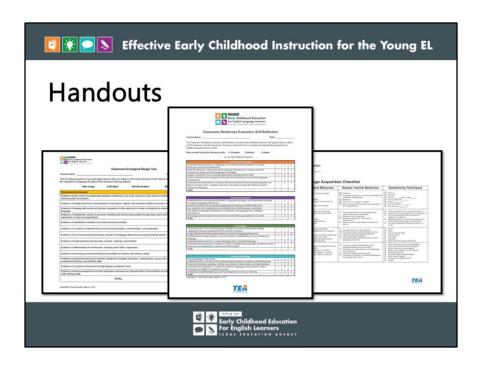
Ensure that the participants have a copy of the companion tool, *Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL.*

Processing Activity:

None

Materials needed:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL companion tool



Time: 3 minutes

Note to trainer:

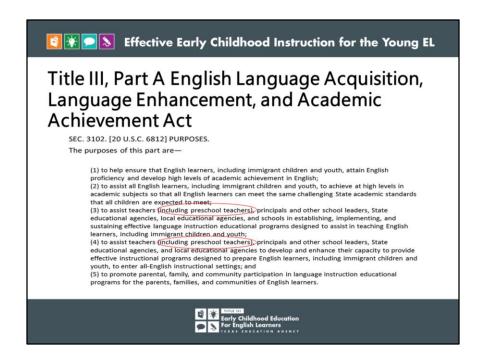
Pass out the additional handouts that will be used in today's session: Classroom Readiness Evaluation Self-Reflection, Classroom Ecological Tool, and Stages of Second Language Acquisition. Say, "We will use three of the handouts that are also available in the online course today." Explain that they will be used during various sections of the training.

Processing Activity:

None

Materials needed:

Classroom Readiness Evaluation Self-Reflection (handout) Classroom Ecological Design Tool (handout) Stages of Second Language Acquisition Checklist (handout)



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "At this time, I'd like to direct your attention to the page 1 of the companion tool, *Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL*." Since the text on the slide is quite small, invite the participants to follow along in their booklet. Explain that this section, along with the next slide, is the rationale for why the session, online course, resources, and companion tool were created.

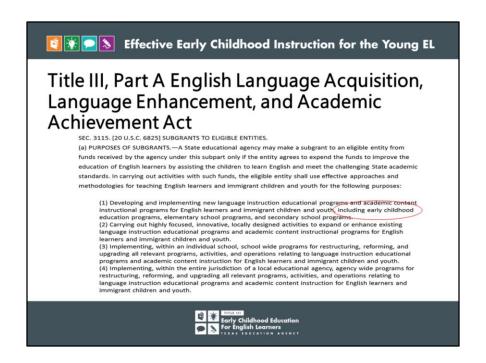
Processing Activity:

Allow the participants time to read through Section 3102 of ESSA.

Once the participants have read through it, ask if there are any questions or clarifications needed. Click on the slide to direct the participants' attention to the red oval that will appear. Ensure that explain that this includes preschool teachers, hence, the rational for the session and resources. Click again and another red oval will appear. Again, point out that this includes preschool teachers.

Materials needed:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL companion tool



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Direct the participants' attention to the next section that is applicable to LEAs who receive funds for the instruction of ELs. Say, "On page 1 of the companion tool, *Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL*, you will find section 3115 in ESSA." Since the text on the slide is small, invite the participants to follow along in their booklet.

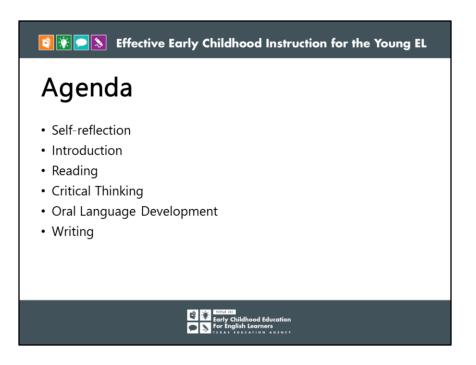
Processing Activity:

Allow the participants time to read through Section 3115 of ESSA.

Once the participants have read through it, ask if there are any questions or clarifications needed. Click on the slide to direct the participants' attention to the red oval that will appear. Point out that this includes early childhood programs, hence, the rationale for the session and resources.

Materials needed:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL companion tool



Time: 2 minutes

Note to trainer:

Go through the main section of today's session by reviewing the agenda on the slide.

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:

Self-Reflec	ction				
	The College of the Co				
	Sary Childhood Education For English Learners				

Time: 10 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Let's begin by considering where we are now in our classroom readiness. We know that in Section 3102 of the Every Student Succeeds Act, we read that one of the purposes of the section is to the assist teachers, including preschool teachers, principals, and other school leaders, to develop and enhance their capacity to provide effective instructional programs designed to prepare English learners. What we will do right now is engage in a self-reflection activity."

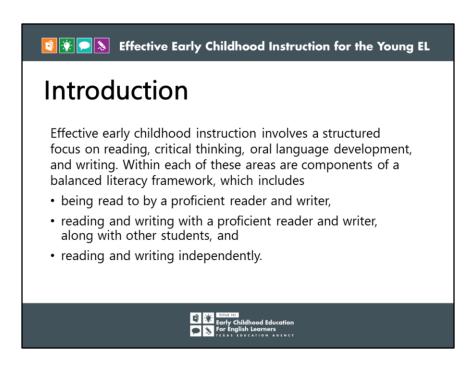
Processing Activity:

Ensure that the participants have the handout, *Classroom Readiness Evaluation Self-Reflection*. Explain that this activity is a self-reflection, and results will not be shared with the group. Allow five minutes to complete the checklist. Once the participants have completed it, have them reflect on their responses and invite them to write an intention for today's training based on their reflection. An example may be to seek out more information regarding how to promote activities that use simple language to encourage oral language development or how to encourage young ELs to write independently. Remind

them that the goal today is to help build their capacity in providing quality instruction to young ELs. Guide them to the sentence stem written on chart paper or on the board. Allow two minutes to complete the sentence stem. Remind them that they are encouraged to seek clarity during the session.

Materials:

Classroom Readiness Evaluation Self-Reflection (handout) Sentence stem written on chart paper or the board: My intention for today is



Time: 10 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Let's discuss what we mean by a balanced literacy framework."

Read the slide.

Say, "The balanced literacy framework requires critical thinking. Students make connections across reading, writing, and speaking, allowing them to gain metalinguistic awareness as they continue to communicate and make sense of language. Early childhood instruction centered around reading, writing, oral language, and critical thinking will develop a positive start to a journey of success in literacy, especially for the young EL."

Processing Activity:

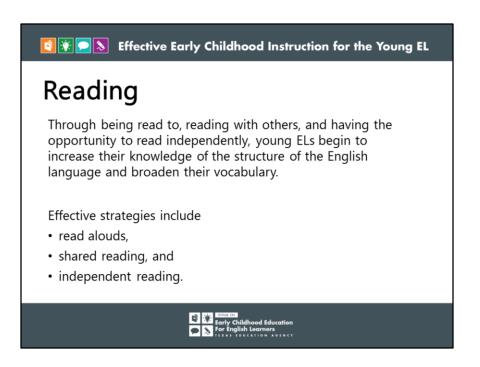
Say, "Think back to a time in which you learned a new skill. How did you learn how to do it?"

Allow the participants ample time to consider an example before allowing them

five minutes to share with a partner. Ask for volunteers to share out. After the participants have shared, ask what was involved in the task in order for it to be a successfully learned skill. Write down ideas on chart paper. The key ideas to capture are that there was conversation, questioning, curiosity, modeling, practicing, and doing it on their own. Tie this back to young English learners and stress that it is imperative that they be provided opportunities for proficient modeling, practicing, and doing it on their own.

Materials:

Chart paper with "Learning New Skills" written on the top Markers



Time: 15 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Through these opportunities, students begin to see their own role in making meaning of printed text. Young ELs will imitate what is modeled to them. Through these opportunities, not only reading skills are developed. Young ELs begin to develop their oral language skills, critical thinking skills, and even their writing skills. Let's take this opportunity to see how many skills we can discover."

Processing Activity:

Use this time to either conduct a read aloud of an appropriate early childhood book OR a big book to use as a shared reading opportunity. If you are conducting the read aloud, emphasize to the participants that they will listen to modeled reading. If you are conducting a shared reading with a big book, invite them to read along with you, particularly repeated text.

After conducting the read aloud or shared reading, pass out sticky notes to all participants OR ask participants to get a few. Ask the participants to write an example of a reading, oral language, critical thinking, and writing skill that is

developed through this activity on a sticky note. Allow 10 minutes for them to write down examples of some of the skills that are developed on the sticky notes and post them on the chart paper. Afterward, debrief by going over highlights of what was written down.

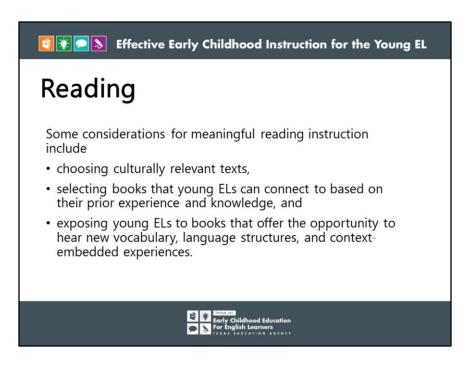
Some big topics in the reading skills area that may be discussed if not written down are the following:

- · Phonological and phonemic awareness
- · Print and book knowledge
- · Alphabet knowledge
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Comprehension
- Vocabulary
- Grammar
- Pragmatics

(These are just examples of topics to explore.)

Materials:

Appropriate early childhood read aloud or big book for shared reading Four sheets of chart paper with titles, Reading, Critical Thinking, Oral Language Development, and Writing Sticky notes
Writing utensils



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

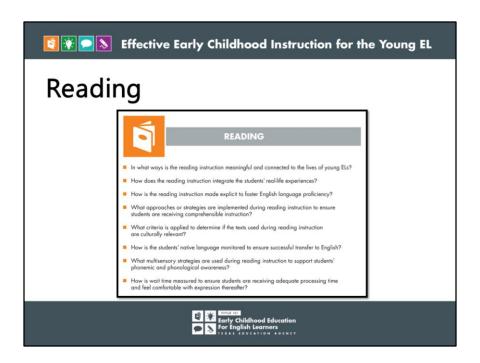
Read the slide to the participants.

Say, "For young ELs, school can be the main source of adjustment to both language and school culture. In school, young ELs begin to integrate aspects of the new school culture, while retaining, or modifying, traditions from home. Having a strong sense of their own cultural history and traditions helps young ELs build a positive cultural identity for themselves. Creating an effective school environment through positive cultural experiences, engaging cognitive activities, and language-rich environments promotes and can increase opportunities for achieving English proficiency."

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:



Time: 10 minutes

Note to trainer:

Guide the participants to turn to their companion tool, page 4.

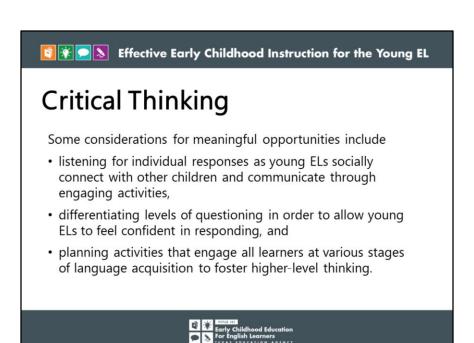
Processing Activity:

Say, "The companion tool includes a list of questions to assist the teacher in ensuring these considerations have been addressed. Let's take a few minutes to review the questions."

Depending on the size of the group, divide the questions on page 4 and assign to pairs or small groups. Allow the participants 10 minutes to discuss their assigned question(s) and determine how they will integrate these questions into their reading lesson plans in the classroom.

Materials:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL (companion tool), page 4



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Read the slide to the participants.

Say, "For young ELs, school can be the main source of adjustment to both language and school culture. In school, young ELs begin to integrate aspects of the new school culture, while retaining, or modifying, traditions from home. Having a strong sense of their own cultural history and traditions helps young ELs build a positive cultural identity for themselves. Creating an effective school environment through positive cultural experiences, engaging cognitive activities, and language-rich environments promotes and can increase opportunities for achieving English proficiency."

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:

[3] 🛊 🗩 🔊 Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL							
Levels of Questioning							
	■ 8	Cond Language Acquisit	ion Checklist				
	-						
	Preproduction 0-6 months	Sample Student Behaviors Publis to or provides other non-vertel responses Actively fellows Disposed to commands Stope resident to specially allow the see the state of the seed of the se	Sample Teacher Behaviors Gestives Linguage focuses on conveying meanings and virulability development Repetition Come not true student to speak Uses of potnerwine frequents representation for comprehension.	Questioning Techniques			
	Early Production 6 months-1 year	Produces one or two eard offerences Paringenes using key words and femiliar pleases Steps year on or Uses present lense we'ds Linded comprehension Linded comprehension	Asia questions that can be answered by yearbo and eithertor responses. Models correct responses. Ensures a supportive, to a-minity environment. Does not overtly call attention to pransmare entire.	Section (appealing a (appealing a (appealing a (appealing a (appealing a))) Other section (appealing a (appealing a)) Other section (appealing a (appealing a)) Other section (appealing a) Section (appealing a)) Section (appealing a) Section (appealing a)) Section (appealing a)) Section (appealing a)) Section (appealing a))			
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	Intermediate Fluency 3-5 years	Participates in reading and writing activities to acquire new information Noy experience diffusions in obstract, comprehensive diffusions in obstract, comprehensive statements analysis of information to required.	Fraties concepted development and expended these; through common Continues to make leasons comprehenable and direction Teaches threking and shuty skills Teaches threking and shuty skills Continues to be alse to individual differences in tempurapa and software.	Site and any or successful you would you woul			
Copyright Trans Identific Agency, 2017							
Early Childhood Education For English Learners							

Time: 15 minutes

Note to trainer:

Pass out the Stages of Second Language Acquisition Checklist if participants do not have it yet.

Say, "According to Krashen and Terrell (1983), children move through five predictable stages: preproduction, early production, speech emergence, intermediate fluency, and advanced fluency. In order for students to engage in meaningful critical thinking, activities must be structured that follow a sequential order from physical responses to one-word responses to analyzing and synthesizing. Understanding students' levels of language acquisition and tailoring questions to their level or skill allows the young ELs to engage more fully by being able to practice the language and use academic vocabulary."

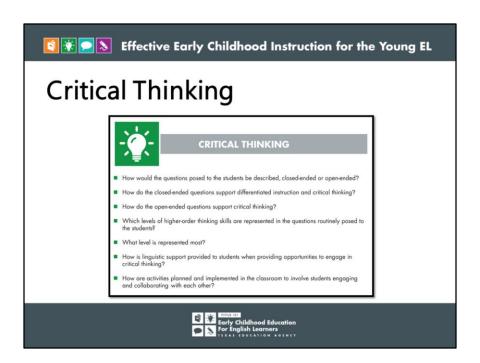
Processing Activity:

Allow time to review the checklist prior to engaging in the processing activity. Ask the participants to recall several students from their classroom or other children. Recalling the read aloud or shared reading activity, have the

participants write three questions about the text to encourage critical thinking using differentiated questioning techniques, based on the children's language levels. Ask the participants to volunteer examples of questions.

Materials:

Stages of Second Language Acquisition Checklist (handout)



Time: 10 minutes

Note to trainer:

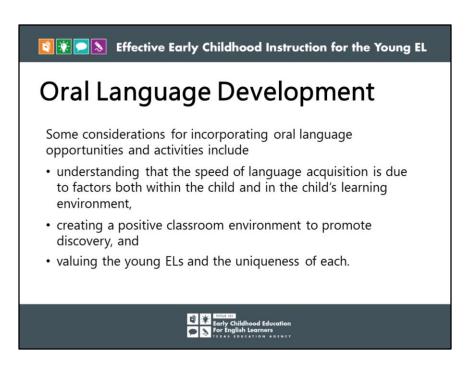
Guide the participants to turn to their companion tool, page 6.

Processing Activity:

Invite the participants to look through the questions on page 6. Have them choose one question they feel they haven't considered in their classroom and would like to develop. When all participants have chosen a question, ask them to discuss how they will address it with a partner. Allow 10 minutes for discussion. As you monitor the groups' involvement, make note of any guiding questions that are selected for continued development so you can bring them to the forefront to discuss as a whole group.

Materials:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL (companion tool), page 6



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Ask the participants who is familiar with the Affective Filter Hypothesis by Krashen (1987) and ask what implication it has for oral language development. Allow for participants to share their ideas aloud.

Say, "The Affective Filter Hypothesis asserts that a number of affective variables impact second language acquisition. These variables include motivation, self-confidence, and anxiety (Krashen, 1987). This hypothesis of second language development relates to the significance of providing an environment that is comfortable and supportive, promoting the desire to explore learning. The affective filter is an invisible psychological filter that can support or disrupt learning, especially while learning a second language. When the affective filter is high, students may experience stress, anxiety, and a lack of self-confidence that may inhibit learning and developing a second language. A low affective filter facilitates comfort and self-confidence, thereby increasing a student's willingness to take risks and explore in the classroom, which may expedite the learning process. A student's

affective filter can be raised or lowered as a result of the environment, interactions with students and teachers, or personal factors such as insecurity and anxiety. Early childhood teachers should strategically structure their classroom environments and instructional practices in an effort to lower the affective filter for young ELs."

Processing Activity:

Ask the participants to orally share what type of planned activities can be incorporated into the classroom to ensure the young ELs have opportunities and an environment that is conducive to lowering their affective filter to develop oral language.

Some suggestions may include:
Sharing time
Show and tell
News of the day/Morning message
Read aloud sessions
Small group instruction
Center/work stations

Materials:

Classroom Ecological Design To	ool						
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Evidence of familiar pret that is representative of the places, objects, and materials châtere encounter every day							
Exidence of stabeling with words and pictures everywhere in the classroom to make connections to written language.							
The second of established codinate to permise modeling and shared responsibility through daily charts and traquest expectation of shales and respectations.							
Evaluation of established schedule to promote structured activities							
Evidence of a valeety of materials that promote purposeful play, communication, and exploration							
Evidence of an environment that promotes outwast and language differences among all students served							
Evidence of multioutsuration and diventity in tooks, materials, and artifacts							
Evidence of differentiation for all teamers, honoring each chiefs uniqueness							
Evidence of a learning environment that accommodates for learners with diverse needs							
Evidence of purposed planning of activities designed to facilitate interaction, independence, group work, cooperative learning, and self-dep skills							
conjumentary meanings, and an energy sales Evidence of a positive enrichment through display of students' work.							
Evidence of hessans designed to promote exploration and discovery that stimulate communication and higher							
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Time: 10 minutes

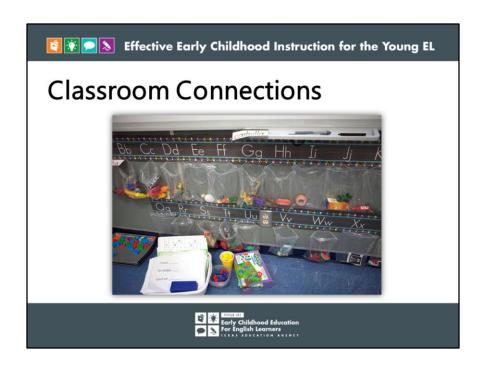
Note to trainer:

Say, "Young ELs must have a developmentally appropriate setting that is language-rich in supporting and developing academic and social competence. Creating an effective school environment through positive cultural experiences, engaging cognitive activities, and language rich environments promotes and can increase opportunities for achieving English proficiency. A young EL's current strengths and skills should serve as the starting point for new experiences and instruction (TEA, 2015). The Ecological Design Tool is specific to this session and its purpose is to use in early childhood classrooms."

Processing Activity:

Pass out the Classroom Ecological Design Tool and allow the participants to through each section. Ask how the statements can help create a positive classroom environment. Allow time for discussion.

Materials:



Time: 5 minutes

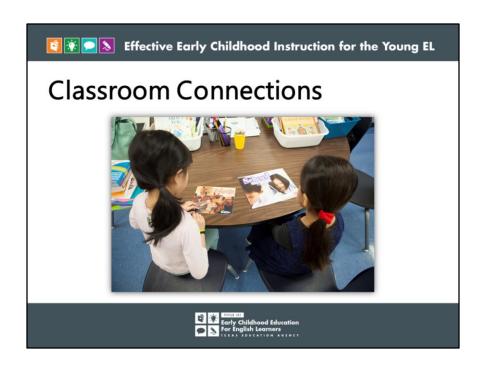
Note to trainer:

Tell the participants that on this slide and the next two slides, they will see a classroom image. They will have the opportunity to evaluate the image using the *Classroom Ecological Design Tool*. The recommendation is to have the same tool be used for each image.

Processing Activity:

Have the participants use their *Classroom Ecological Design Tool* and focus on the Classroom Environment. Show the image on the slide and ask the participants to look at their tool and decide which classroom environment statements correlate with the image. Discuss in small groups and then have them share aloud.

Materials:



Time: 5 minutes

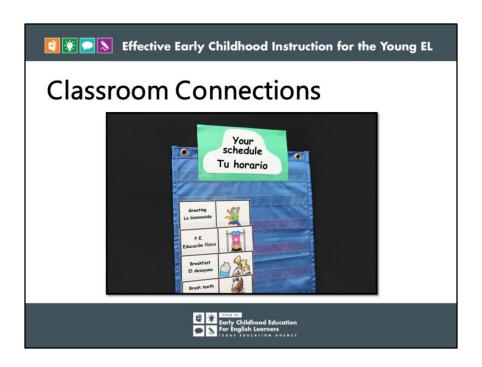
Note to trainer:

Show the slide.

Processing Activity:

Show the image on the slide and ask the participants to look at their tool and decide which classroom environment statements correlates with the image. Discuss in small groups and then have them share aloud.

Materials:



Time: 5 minutes

Note to trainer:

Show the slide.

Processing Activity:

Show the image on the slide and ask the participants to look at their tool and decide which classroom environment statements correlates with the image. Discuss in small groups and then have them share aloud. Say, "Keep in mind that Title III's focus is on English acquisition, which can be successfully acquired when the needs of the home language are met. Labels may be added in the home language to assist with transfer."

Materials:



Time: 15 minutes

Note to trainer:

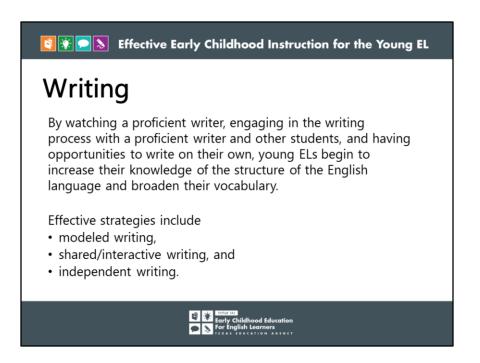
Guide the participants to turn to their companion tool, page 8.

Processing Activity:

Invite the participants to look through the questions on page 8. Have them read the guiding questions and consider the affective filter with the young ELs' cultural background in mind. Based on the size of the group, assign a guiding question to each small group for discussion. Have them focus on ensuring a comfortable environment for young ELs that considers fostering a positive self-image and self confidence while ensuring a low level of anxiety. Allow 10 minutes for discussion in small groups. Then ask groups to share with the whole group the big ideas they discussed in their small groups.

Materials:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL (companion tool), page 8



Time: 15 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Through these opportunities, students begin to see their own role in making meaning of printed text. Young ELs will imitate what is modeled to them. Through these opportunities, not only writing skills are developed. Young ELs begin to develop their oral language skills, critical thinking skills, and even their writing skills. Let's take this opportunity to see how many skills we can discover."

Processing Activity:

Use this time to either conduct a modeled writing in front of the participants OR allow for a shared/interactive writing opportunity. If you are conducting a modeled writing activity for them, then have a relevant topic in mind as you brainstorm with them what to write. A suggestion is to ask them their opinion on a current news item or something relevant to their role. Write in front of them, while asking them for the ideas to construct along the way to emphasize the oral language and critical thinking skills that are needed to engage in the activity. If you are conducting a shared/interactive writing activity, then incorporate the same thinking skills as in the modeled writing, but this time,

allow for participants to go up and do some of the writing.

After conducting the modeled writing or interactive writing activity, get a few sticky notes and record examples of a reading, oral language, critical thinking, and writing skill that is developed through this activity on a sticky note. Allow 10 minutes for them to write down examples of some of the skills that are developed on the sticky notes and post them on the chart paper. Afterward, debrief by going over highlights of what was written down.

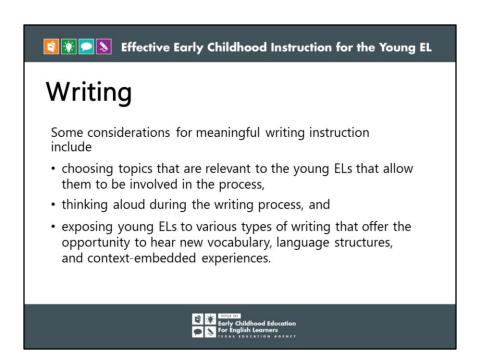
The idea that must be emphasized is that there is a reading-writing connection and that the same skills that are developed in reading are also developed in writing. Note that the following were already highlighted in the reading section: Some big topics in the reading skills area that may be discussed if not written down are the following:

- · Phonological and phonemic awareness
- · Print and book knowledge
- · Alphabet knowledge
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Comprehension
- Vocabulary
- Grammar
- Pragmatics

(These are just examples of topics to explore)

Materials:

Four sheets of chart paper with titles, Reading, Critical Thinking, Oral Language Development, and Writing already used Sticky notes
Writing utensils



Time: 15 minutes

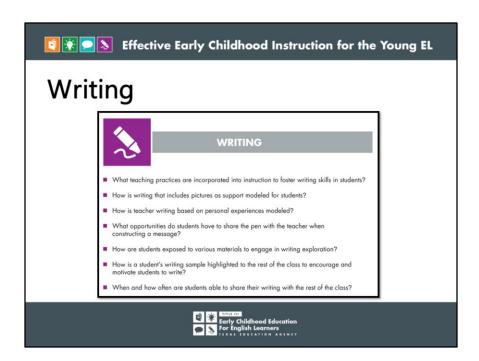
Note to trainer:

Say, "Through writing, educators are able to vary the amount of support naturally, considering what we know about the affective filter and differentiated instruction based on the young ELs' language levels."

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:



Time: 10 minutes

Note to trainer:

Guide the participants to turn to their companion tool, page 10.

Processing Activity:

Ask the participants to read through the guiding questions on page 10 and select one they feel they incorporate fully in the classroom. Allow them five minutes to share an example of how the question is considered with a partner.

Materials:

Effective Early Childhood Instruction for the Young EL (companion tool), page 10



Training Goals

Content Objective

 Participants will examine appropriate instructional activities Title III, Part A-funded local educational agencies (LEAs) may implement in order to ensure that young ELs attain high levels of academic achievement in English.

Language Objective

 Participants will discuss, read, and write using provided resources related to appropriate instructional activities and considerations in order to ensure that young ELs attain high levels of academic achievement in English.



Slide 28

Time: 2 minutes

Note to trainer:

Say, "Let's review what our goals were for today and ensure we have met them."

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:



References

Every Student Succeeds Act: of 2015, Pub. L. No. 114-95, 129 Stat. 1802 (2016)

Krashen, S. D. (1987). *Principles and practice in second language acquisition*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall International.

Krashen, S. D. & Terrell, T. (1983). *Natural approach: Language acquisition in the classroom.* London, UK: Prentice Hall.

Texas Education Agency (2015). Texas Prekindergarten Guidelines. Retrieved from http://tea.texas.gov/pkg.aspx



Slide 29

Time: None

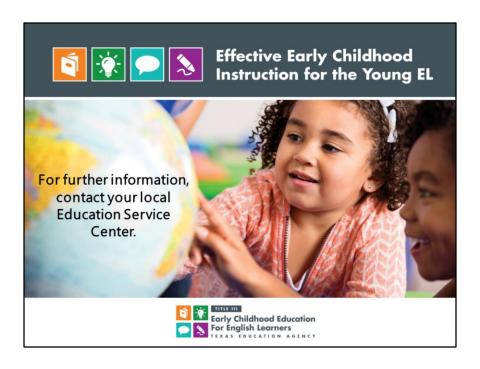
Note to trainer:

Show the slide for references.

Processing Activity:

None

Materials:



Slide 30